ABOUT ADONI: Located in Southern India, the Adoni region of Andhra Pradesh is home to almost 500,000 people. Many families throughout the region depend heavily on agriculture for their livelihoods, primarily growing cotton, rice and chilli’s in over 160 different villages. With crop protection products being used on most farms in Adoni, training on responsible use helps farmers realise the benefits of crop protection products while protecting themselves, their families and the environment.

TRAINING THROUGH LOCAL PARTNERSHIPS: In 2009, CropLife International partnered with two local organisations in Adoni to implement and monitor training programmes on Integrated Pest Management (IPM), responsible use and the secure storage of crop protection products. The project initially aimed to reach 100,000 farm families over a four-year period. Eventually over 128,000 were reached over six years.

The training programmes in Adoni demonstrate the successful implementation of CropLife International’s Training Through Local Partnerships model, which can now be adapted for, and implemented in, other regions around the world.

SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

**CropLife International**, **CropLife Asia** and **CropLife India** initiated the project by providing expertise, experience and resources to local organisations in Adoni.

**EFFORT** is an organisation in Adoni whose knowledge of agriculture in the region made them an ideal candidate for project implementation. CropLife International and EFFORT collaborated to develop and train a network of master trainers that educate and train farmers, families and communities throughout the region.

**BIRDS** (Bharati Integrated Rural Development Society) is an independent third party organisation in Adoni, responsible for monitoring and assessing the results of training programmes. Through pre and post training surveys, BIRDS has measured the effectiveness of different training methods; with the key indicator being changes in farmer’s practices.

SHARED KNOWLEDGE

**TRAINING FOR FARMERS**: Master trainers deliver education through farmer training groups and field demonstrations, providing both a classroom and hands-on setting to learn about inspecting crops; deciding when and when not to use crop protection products; wearing appropriate personal protective equipment; correct and safe application techniques; managing empty containers; and secure storage of products. Farmers are encouraged to pass training forward to other farmers, allowing valuable information to spread through the community. Upon completion of training, farmers can voluntarily establish clubs and meet to continue learning and sharing information.

**TRAINING FOR FAMILIES**: In house to house visits, master trainers meet farm families in their homes to share information relevant to the entire family, including how and where to securely store crop protection products. As many children in Adoni are from farm families, master trainers also visit schools to provide general information about farm safety.

**TRAINING FOR COMMUNITIES**: Village meetings provide an opportunity for the whole community to listen in and participate in farmer training groups. Community members can also read important information on posters placed throughout their villages. Perhaps the most innovative educational approach is cultural shows; drawing large crowds and utilising song and dance to deliver important safety messages to the entire community.
**Shared Results**

### Throughout the Four Year Programme in Adoni:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>46</strong> Master Trainers</th>
<th><strong>26,000</strong> Farmers</th>
<th><strong>102,000</strong> Farmers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>directly trained</td>
<td>who then trained an additional</td>
<td>for a total of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>128,000</strong> Farmers Trained</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This includes 878 training groups in 169 villages*

### Women in Adoni

In 2010, the project expanded to include women, hiring the first female master trainer to train both men and women throughout the region. Over the course of the programme:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>2</strong> Female Master Trainers</th>
<th><strong>29</strong> Farmer Training Groups</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trained</td>
<td>including 350 men and 650 women</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“*In society, it is good that women are becoming leaders.*”

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### Results in Adoni

Findings in Adoni have demonstrated that the training model is effective, and that local partnerships are vital to its successful implementation. The key measure of success for this model is farmer retention. Farmers have not only gained new knowledge and improved their practices, but are retaining and reinforcing what they have learned years after completing their training.

Findings in Adoni show:

- **90.3%** of farmers could identify beneficial insects immediately after training, rising to **97%** four years later. All farmers can identify crop pests.
- **97.4%** of farmers understood the main components of responsible use (e.g. proper handling and storage of crop protection products) immediately after training, rising to **99.5%** four years later.
- **93.2%** of farmers were aware of the dangers of counterfeit pesticides (including how to recognize and avoid them) immediately after training, rising to **97%** four years later.
- **89.7%** of farmers disposed of their empty containers safely immediately after training, rising to **99.5%** four years later.

Retention is achieved by reaching farmers in the field, at home and during their leisure time so that messages resonate through their daily routines. Farmer to farmer training then empowers farmers to gain an even deeper understanding of the subject matter by becoming educators themselves. This continues over time, spreading messages through the community and increasing the numbers reached.