

EU PESTICIDE RENEWAL MONITOR

February 28, 2022¹

In the European Union (EU), all pesticide active ingredients undergo periodic reevaluation, as laid out in Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009². The reevaluation process typically follows the scheme indicated in the figure below.

This document provides an overview of active ingredients that are currently undergoing or are scheduled for the periodic active ingredient renewal in the European Union, and it is prepared based on publicly available information. It lists active ingredients that have expired or are expected to expire, as of **February 28, 2022**. The renewal process relates to the approval of active ingredients used in the EU market. It is lengthy and unpredictable. Only final, published Regulations are definitive. Pesticide Renewal is a separate process from MRL and Import Tolerance setting, which is governed by specific legislation. Change or removal of MRLs may take place after non-renewal has been finalized.

For additional information on the registration status and expiry dates for active ingredients that are not listed in this document, please refer to the [EU pesticide database](#)³.

For information on specific active ingredients, please consult the [OpenEFSA Portal](#)⁴ (then click on the “Pesticide Dossier” tab) or contact the companies that are supporting the active ingredient through the renewal process by contacting croplife@croplife.org.

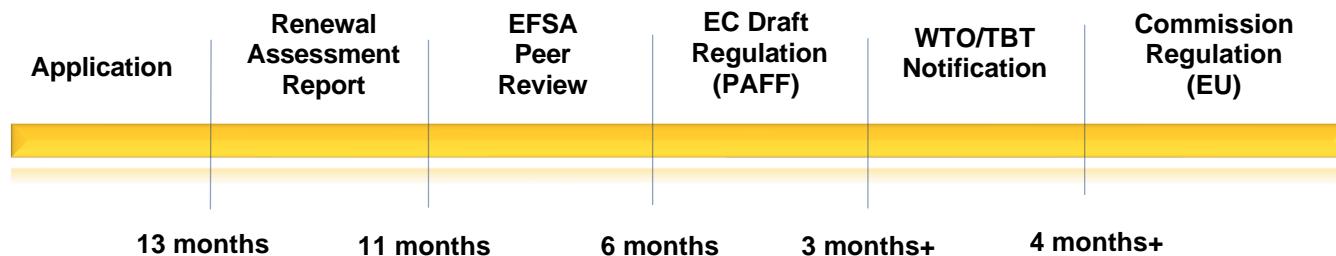


Figure 1: Schematic overview of the EU reevaluation process for non-renewals or restricted renewals. Timelines are indicative as outlined in Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Steps can take longer than indicated.

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¹ This EU Pesticide Renewal Monitor issue reflects substances listed as proposed non-renewal or restricted renewal on the PAFF agenda up to the January 27-28, 2022 meeting.

² <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32009R1107&from=EN>

³ <https://ec.europa.eu/food/plant/pesticides/eu-pesticides-database/active-substances/?event=search.as>

⁴ <https://open.efsa.europa.eu/questions>

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL - EXPIRED (March 2021 – February 2022)

Chemical companies must submit an application for renewal of approval of their active ingredient to EU authorities. If they do not, the active ingredient will automatically expire in the EU on a set date. Active ingredients below **have already expired** due to **no submission of application for renewal** or **withdrawal of application for renewal**. This list includes substances that have expired since March 2021.

- Triflumuron (31/03/2021)
- Fenbuconazole (30/04/2021)
- Metosulam (30/04/2021)
- Trichoderma IMI 206040 (30/04/2021)
- Bromadiolone (31/05/2021)
- Carbetamide (31/05/2021)
- Carboxin (31/05/2021)
- Cyproconazole (31/05/2021)
- Diethofencarb (31/05/2021)
- Etridiazole (31/05/2021)
- Fenoxycarb (31/05/2021)
- Flutriafol (31/05/2021)
- Myclobutanil (31/05/2021)
- Oryzalin (31/05/2021)
- Pencycuron (31/05/2021)
- Profoxydim (31/07/2021)
- Fatty acids C8-C10 methyl esters (31/08/2021)
- Triazoxide (30/09/2021)
- Acrinathrin (31/12/2021)
- Azimsulfuron (31/12/2021)
- Fluquinconazole (31/12/2021)
- Prochloraz (31/12/2021)

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL - EXPECTED TO EXPIRE (Up to February 2023)

For the active ingredients below, applications for **renewal of approval were not submitted** or **applications have been withdrawn**. The expiration date is outlined. Please note that the expiration of active ingredients in the EU is not notified to the World Trade Organization (WTO).

- Plant oils /Citronella oil (31/08/2022)
- Adoxophyes orana GV strain BV-0001 (31/01/2023)
- Mecoprop-P (31/01/2023)

UP NEXT FOR REVIEW (Up to August 2022)

Under the EU pesticide review program, the active ingredients listed below have **upcoming deadlines** for the **submission of the application for renewal**. The list shows all active ingredients that are scheduled to go through the periodic renewal process. This does not imply that these active ingredients will have issues with renewal in the EU.

- Benalaxyl-M (30/04/2022)
- Pyroxsulam (30/04/2022)
- Bixafen (30/05/2022)
- Fluxapyroxad (30/05/2022)
- Penflufen (30/05/2022)
- Penthiopyrad (30/05/2022)
- Sedaxane (30/05/2022)
- 1,4-Dimethylnaphthalene (30/06/2022)
- Pyridalyl (30/06/2022)
- Bacillus pumilus QST 2808 (31/08/2022)

STANDING COMMITTEE ON PLANTS, ANIMALS, FOOD AND FEED (SCoPAFF)

Active ingredients below have been under discussion for **non-renewal** or **restricted renewal** and are now **under consideration** by the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed (SCoPAFF) as available in the December 1-2, 2021, and January 27-28, 2022 meeting agendas. A final decision may have not yet been made.

- **Sulfoxaflor**
- **Isopyrazam**
- **Bifenazate**
- **Penflufen**

WTO NOTIFICATION (March 2021 – February 2022)

Active ingredients below have been notified to the **WTO as proposed for non-renewal or restricted renewal**. Active ingredients that are renewed do not need to be notified to the WTO. These WTO Technical Barrier to Trade (TBT) notifications advise that the active ingredient is subject to a proposed non-renewal for use in the EU. This is not necessarily indicative of the final EU decision. Further Committee work is done by the Commission and EU Member States after notification, which can change the proposal. Definitive non-renewal regulation may take a significant period of time after the WTO consultation has completed. These notifications do not advise what will happen with EU MRLs. This information is provided in Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) notifications via WTO, typically some years later. For full explanation on the justification for proposed restricted renewal or non-renewal of approval, please refer to the draft implementing regulation. Notification date is shown in parentheses.

Proposed non-renewal

Isopyrazam: proposed withdrawal of approval due to classification as toxic for reproduction category 1B and carcinogenic category 2. (26/11/2021)

Proposed restricted renewal

Abamectin: proposed restricted renewal to permanent greenhouse use only. (15/03/2021)

Sulfoxaflor: proposed restricted renewal to permanent greenhouse use only. (17/11/2021)

Bifenazate: proposed restricted renewal to non-edible crops in permanent greenhouses. (24/01/2022)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (March 2021 – February 2022)

The Commission has published final decisions on non-renewal or restricted renewal in the EU for the active ingredients below. For full explanation on the justification for restricted or non-renewal of approval, please refer to the published implementing regulation. Publication date is shown in parentheses.

Non-renewal

Alpha-cypermethrin: withdrawal of approval as applicant did not submit required confirmatory data. (17/05/2021)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (continued)

Famoxadone: non-renewal due to high potential for workers exposure, high long-term risk for mammals and high risk for aquatic organisms. (20/08/2021)

Indoxacarb: non-renewal due to risks posed to mammals and bees, as well as insufficient data to complete consumer, groundwater, and ecotoxicology risk assessments. (29/11/2021)

Phosmet: non-renewal based on environmental concerns and multiple data gaps. (24/01/2022)

Restricted renewal

Fenpyrazamine: renewal restricts products with concentration of hydrazine higher than 0.0001%. (16/03/2021)

Terbuthylazine: renewal restricts use to one application every three years on the same field at a maximum dose of 850g terbuthylazine per hectare. (21/05/2021)

Cypermethrin: renewal of approval as a candidate for substitution. (25/11/2021)

MRL CHANGES (March 2021 – February 2022)

As a **result of non-renewal** or **expiration** of approval, restrictive MRLs have either been proposed (WTO notification) or implemented (Commission Regulation) for the substances below. Notifications of MRL changes will appear as WTO SPS notifications. Please note that not all MRL changes are included here as MRLs may change even if the active ingredient is reapproved.

WTO SPS Notification

- **Bifenthrin:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/527. (15/12/2021) – Import tolerances and CXLs maintained
- **Chloridazon:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/527. (15/12/2021)
- **Imazaquin:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/527. (15/12/2021)
- **Fenpropimorph:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/527. (15/12/2021) – Import tolerances maintained
- **Tralkoxydim:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/527. (15/12/2021)
- **Propoxur:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/532. (15/12/2021)
- **Thiram:** WTO notification G/SPS/N/EU/532. (15/12/2021)

Implementing Regulation

- **Propineb:** Commission Regulation 2021/1864 on 25/10/2021. *Effective date: 14/05/2022*

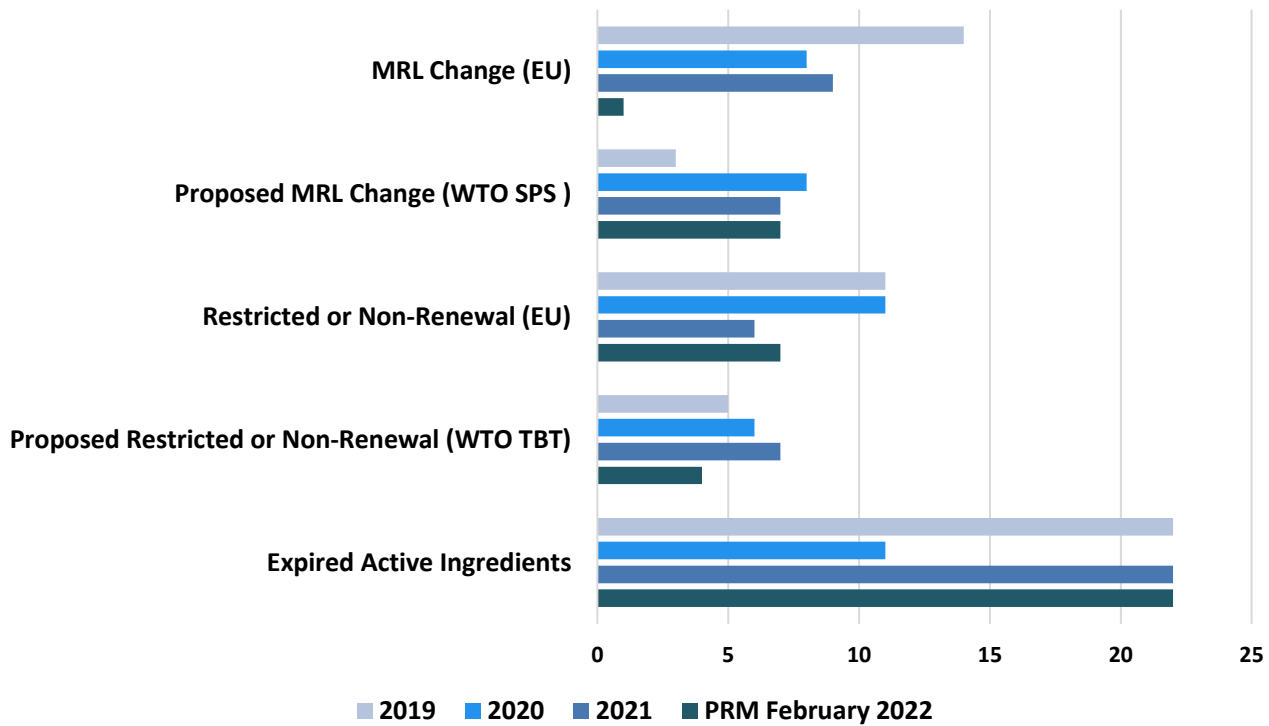
Table I. EU Pesticide Renewal Monitor (PRM) in Numbers

Time scope / Review step	2019 (January-December)	2020 (January-December)	2021 (January-December)	PRM February 2022 (March 2021-February 2022)
Expired Active Ingredients	22	11	22	22
	Fuberidazole, Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. Tenebrionis strain NB 176 (TM 14 1), Fenpropimorph, Tralkoxydim, Trichoderma polysporum strain IMI 206039, Ammonium acetate, Limestone, Methomyl, Pepper, Putrescine, Sea-algae extract, Sodium aluminium silicate, Sodium hypochlorite, Triadimenol, Trimethylamine hydrochloride, Quizalofop-P, Teflubenzuron, Difenacoum, Chlorsulfuron, Cyromazine, Lufenuron, Propanil	Phlebiopsis gigantea multiple strains, Epoxiconazole, Triflumizole, Spirodiclofen, FEN 560, Thiophanate methyl, Calcium phosphide, Denatonium benzoate, Imidacloprid, Zeta cypermethrin, Haloxypop-P	Triflumuron, Fenbuconazole, Metosulam, Trichoderma IMI 206040, Bromadiolone, Carbetamide, Carboxin, Cyproconazole, Diethofencarb, Etridiazole, Fenoxycarb, Flutriafol, Myclobutanil, Oryzalin, Pencycuron, Profoxydim, Fatty acids C8-C10 methyl esters, Triazoxide, Acrinathrin, Azimsulfuron, Fluquinconazole, Prochloraz	Triflumuron, Fenbuconazole, Metosulam, Trichoderma IMI 206040, Bromadiolone, Carbetamide, Carboxin, Cyproconazole, Diethofencarb, Etridiazole, Fenoxycarb, Flutriafol, Myclobutanil, Oryzalin, Pencycuron, Profoxydim, Fatty acids C8-C10 methyl esters, Triazoxide, Acrinathrin, Azimsulfuron, Fluquinconazole, Prochloraz
Proposed Restricted or Non-Renewal of Approval (WTO TBT)	5	6	7	4
	Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Metalaxyl-M, Thiocloprid, Thiophanate-methyl	Beta-cyfluthrin, Benalaxyl, Benfluralin, Bromoxynil, Etoxazole, Fenpyrazamine	Abamectin, Alpha-cypermethrin, Cypermethrin, Famoxadone, Indoxacarb, Phosmet, Sulfoxaflor	Isopyrazam, Abamectin, Sulfoxaflor, Bifenazate
Restricted or Non-Renewal of Approval (Commission Regulation)	11	11	6	7
	Alpha-Cypermethrin, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpropham, Cyflumetofen, Dimethoate, Desmedipham, Ethoprophos, Methiocarb, Methoxyfenozide, Thiocloprid, Tolclofos-methyl	Benalaxyl, Beta-cyfluthrin, Bromoxynil, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Etoxazole, Fenamiphos, Mancozeb, Metalaxyl-M, Thiocloprid, Thiophanate-methyl	Alpha-cypermethrin, Cypermethrin, Famoxadone, Fenpyrazamine, Indoxacarb, Terbutylazine	Alpha-cypermethrin, Famoxadone, Indoxacarb, Phosmet, Fenpyrazamine, Terbutylazine, Cypermethrin

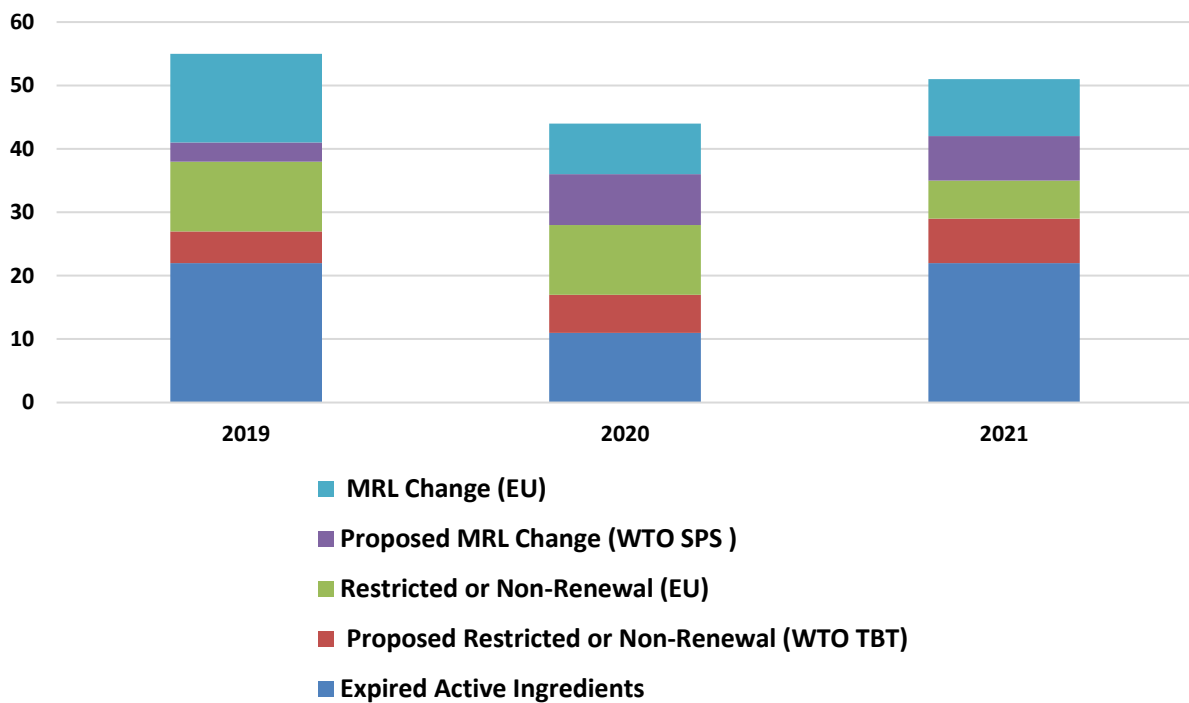
Table I. EU Pesticide Renewal Monitor (PRM) in Numbers

Time scope / Review step	2019 (January-December)	2020 (January-December)	2021 (January-December)	PRM February 2022 (March 2021-February 2022)
Active Ingredients with Proposed MRL Changes due to Non-Approval (WTO SPS)	3	8	7	7
	Flufenoxuron, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl	Chlorothalonil, Chlorpropham, Dimethoate, Ethoprophos, Fenamidone, Methiocarb, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine	Bifenthrin, Chloridazon, Imazaquin, Fenpropimorph, Tralkoxydim, Propoxur, Thiram	Bifenthrin, Chloridazon, Imazaquin, Fenpropimorph, Tralkoxydim, Propoxur, Thiram
Active Ingredients with MRL Changes due to Non-Approval (Commission Regulation)	14	8	9	1
	Iprodione, Linuron Buprofezin, Diflubenzuron, Picoxystrobin, Tepraloxydim, Ethoxysulfuron, Ioxynil, Amitrole, Flupyrsulfuron-methyl, Isoproturon, Triasulfuron, Fipronil, Imazosulfuron, Orthosulfamuron	Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Azinphos-methyl, Flufenoxuron, Oxadiazon, Phosalone, Tall oil pitch, Tall oil crude	Chlorothalonil, Chlorpropham, Dimethoate, Ethoprophos, Fenamidone, Methiocarb, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Propineb	Propineb
Total Number of Active Ingredients	55	44	51	41

Active Ingredients per Review Stage



Total Active Ingredients per EU Pesticide Renewal Monitor (PRM)



EU PESTICIDE RENEWAL MONITOR Q&A

What is the EU Pesticide Renewal Monitor report?

- Provides an overview on the active ingredients that are scheduled for the periodic review or are currently undergoing the periodic review. The periodic review is a normal and regular procedure for all pesticides approved in the EU, according to Regulation 1107/2009 that regulates market access for pesticides in the EU.
- Active ingredients that have not been renewed, have a restricted renewal or are expired (with no renewal dossier submitted) are also listed.

Why was this report created?

- CropLife International commissioned the Pesticide Renewal Monitor report to support governments, farmers and the agri-food value chain to better understand which active ingredients are currently undergoing the pesticide renewal process in the European Union.
- The EU pesticide renewal procedure can be complex and challenging to track, and the status of active ingredients in the review process may be difficult to interpret.
- Information on review status of active ingredients is publicly available but spread over multiple websites and reports. Most information is not available in one place.
- The EU needs to notify WTO member states when an active ingredient approval is changed or not renewed (TBT notification). WTO notifications are only made late in the EU renewal process, consequently stakeholders are informed late in the process. A subsequent decision to lower or delete MRLs (potentially including ITs and MRLs corresponding to Codex) is done through an SPS notification but may be too late for stakeholders to influence the decision or adapt their crop protection strategies.

What is the difference between the USDA Early Alert and the CropLife International EU Pesticide Monitor?

- The USDA Early Alert covers active ingredients undergoing the EU renewal that have MRLs (tolerances) established in the United States.
- The CropLife International report covers all active ingredients undergoing the renewal in the EU, i.e., more substances than the USDA report.

Why was the report developed?

- To inform interested stakeholders on the process and timing of active ingredient renewal in the EU, to create awareness for non-EU stakeholders.
- In case of restrictive or non-renewal: alert stakeholders that/when MRLs may be lowered to the Limit of Quantification (LOQ).
- Provide timely information so stakeholders could engage in support of adequate transition periods or maintenance of MRLs that are important for trade with the EU.

Who is responsible for submitting a dossier for active ingredient renewal in the European Union?

- Normally, industry (individual companies, several companies jointly, or task forces) generates the data and compiles and submits the dossier. A list of dossier submitters is available on the OpenEFSA Portal: <https://open.efsa.europa.eu/questions>
- Data requirements for active ingredient approval are in place (Regulation EU 283/2013).

- All stakeholders are invited to provide information relevant for the renewal of the active ingredients.

What is the relationship between active ingredient renewal and MRL / IT?

- When an active ingredient is not renewed in the EU or if the conditions of use are amended, MRLs may be deleted or lowered.
- Deletion of MRLs following the revocation of pesticide authorizations in the EU does not apply to MRLs based on Codex MRLs and Import Tolerances established to facilitate global trade, provided that they are deemed acceptable with regard to consumer safety.

Whom can I contact for questions on a specific active ingredient?

- Companies that submitted a dossier for EU renewal can be retrieved through the OpenEFSA Portal: <https://open.efsa.europa.eu/questions>
- Individual companies will have the relevant information on the active ingredient, products they sell to farmers and the range of crops that the product is approved for use.
- In case of issues in identifying the relevant authorization holder for a specific active ingredient, please feel free to contact [CropLife International](#).

Is this a complete list of substances registered in the EU?

- No. Active ingredients are listed here only if they will undergo or are currently undergoing the renewal process. Also, substances that expired, were not renewed or had a restricted renewal are mentioned.
- For more information and for information on the approval status and expiry dates for active ingredient that are not listed in this document, we refer to the EU pesticide database: <https://ec.europa.eu/food/plant/pesticides/eu-pesticides-database/active-substances/?event=search.as>

When will this report be updated?

- This report will be updated on a quarterly basis or at the discretion of CropLife International.